

WEST**Freeform Search****Database:**

US Patents Full-Text Database
 US Pre-Grant Publication Full-Text Database
 JPO Abstracts Database
 EPO Abstracts Database
 Derwent World Patents Index
 IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletins

Term:
Display: **Documents in Display Format:** **Starting with Number**
Generate: ☐ Hit List ☒ Hit Count ☐ Side by Side ☐ Image

Search

Clear

Help

Logout

Interrupt

Main Menu

Show S Numbers

Edit S Numbers

Preferences

Cases

Search History
DATE: Friday, July 18, 2003 [Printable Copy](#) [Create Case](#)
Set Name

side by side

Query**Hit Count****Set Name**
result set

DB=USPT,PGPB,JPAB,EPAB,DWPI,TDBD; THES=ASSIGNEE;
 PLUR=YES; OP=AND

<u>L11</u>	(allergen) same (hemagglutinin adj A)	1	<u>L11</u>
<u>L10</u>	L8 and (hemagglutinin adj A)	2	<u>L10</u>
<u>L9</u>	L8 and (hemagglutinin adj A)	2	<u>L9</u>
<u>L8</u>	L7 and (ragweed or pollen or (plant adj allergen))	116	<u>L8</u>
<u>L7</u>	L6 and L5	348	<u>L7</u>
<u>L6</u>	(heterologous or deletion or fusion) same L4	12311	<u>L6</u>
<u>L5</u>	L4 and (allergen)	753	<u>L5</u>
<u>L4</u>	(signal or leader) adj (sequence or peptide)	43160	<u>L4</u>
<u>L3</u>	L2 and ((signal or leader) adj (sequence or peptide))	2	<u>L3</u>
<u>L2</u>	L1 and (allergen)	14	<u>L2</u>
<u>L1</u>	Raz-Eyal.in.	28	<u>L1</u>

pET-11a-d Vectors

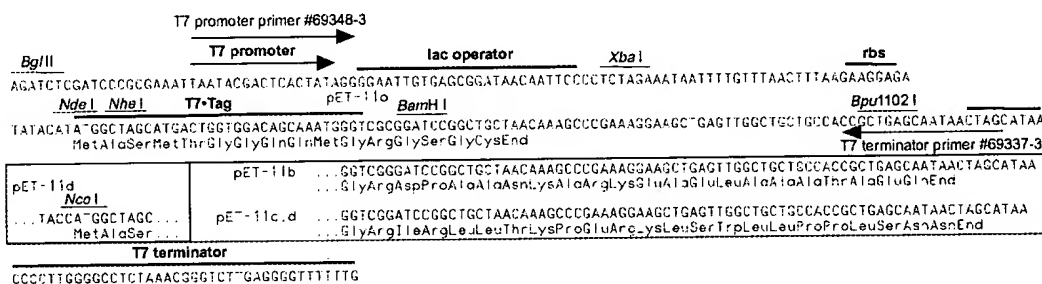
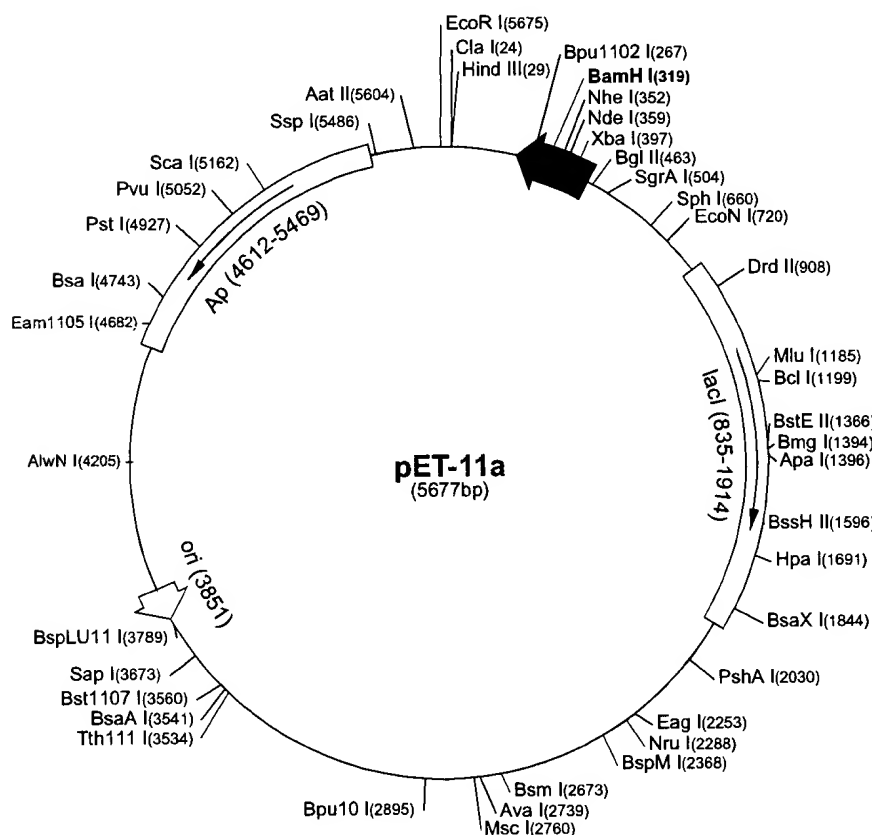
	Cat. No.
pET-11a DNA	69436-3
pET-11b DNA	69437-3
pET-11c DNA	69438-3
pET-11d DNA	69439-3

The pET-11a-d vectors carry an N-terminal T7•Tag[®] sequence and *Bam*H I cloning site. These vectors are the precursors to many pET family vectors; the pET-21a-d(+) series corresponds to pET-11a-d but incorporates several additional features. Unique sites are shown on the circle map. Note that the sequence is numbered by the pBR322 convention, so the T7 expression region is reversed on the circular map. The cloning/expression region of the coding strand transcribed by T7 RNA polymerase is shown below.

pET-11a sequence landmarks

T7 promoter	432-448
T7 transcription start	431
T7•Tag coding sequence	328-360
T7 terminator	213-259
<i>lacI</i> coding sequence	835-1914
pBR322 origin	3851
<i>bla</i> coding sequence	4612-5469

The maps for pET-11b, pET-11c and pET-11d are the same as pET-11a (shown) with the following exceptions: pET-11b is a 5676bp plasmid; subtract 1bp from each site beyond *Bam*H I at 319. pET-11c is a 5675bp plasmid; subtract 2bp from each site beyond *Bam*H I at 319. pET-11d is a 5674bp plasmid; the *Bam*H I site is in the same reading frame as in pET-11c. An *Nco* I site is substituted for the *Nde* I site with a net 1bp deletion at position 359 of pET-11c. As a result, *Nco* I cuts pET-11d at 355. For the rest of the sites, subtract 3bp from each site beyond position 360 in pET-11a. *Nde* I does not cut pET-11d.



pET-11a-d cloning/expression region

pET-11a Restriction Sites

TB042 12/98

Enzyme	# Sites	Locations					
AatI	1	5604					
AccI	1	3559					
AccII	7	952	1680	2011	3298	3439	
		3741	4981				
AcI	89						
AflII	2	1185	3789				
AluI	24						
AlwI	16						
Alw21I	8	685	1169	2492	2783	3607	
		4107	5268	5353			
Alw44I	4	1165	3603	4103	5349		
AlwNI	1	4205					
Apal	1	1396					
ApaBI	2	869	2366				
ApoI	2	1460	5675				
AvaI	1	2739					
Avall	9	1737	2113	2201	2450	2753	
		2795	3074	4820	5042		
BamHI	1	319					
BanI	12						
BanII	3	569	583	1396			
BbsI	5	1331	1670	2044	2907	5660	
BbvI	27						
BccI	15						
Bce83I	7	208	1999	2169	3880	4178	
		4419	5287				
BceII	5	704	1045	1672	2481	4291	
BcgI	10	315	349	1477	1511	2011	
		2045	3366	3400	5187	5221	
BclI	1	1199					
BfaI	7	257	353	398	2803	4284	
		4537	4872				
BglI	3	2249	2483	4802			
BglII	1	463					
BmgI	1	1394					
BpmI	6	1023	1512	2146	2700	3316	
		4752					
Bpu10I	1	2895					
Bpu1102I	1	267					
BsaI	1	4743					
BsaAI	1	3541					
BsaBI	3	462	468	2986			
BsaHI	8	508	529	643	1142	1825	
		2520	5219	5601			
BsaJI	10	115	129	244	622	628	
		1820	2481	2683	2761	3949	
BsaWI	7	189	1504	2067	2978	3995	
		4142	4973				
BsaXI	1	1844					
BsbI	2	3505	5225				
BscGI	13						
BsgI	3	1036	1236	2949			
Bsil	3	3962	5346	5653			
BsiEI	6	1970	2256	3705	4129	5052	
		5201					
BslI	22						
BsmI	1	2673					
BsmAI	7	882	1287	1413	1800	3430	
		4743	5519				
BsmBI	2	1800	3430				
BsmFI	4	646	2187	2412	3060		
BsoFI	50						
Bsp24I	14						
Bsp1286I	11						
BspEI	2	189	2978				
BspGI	3	2373	2450	3315			
BspLU11I	1	3789					
BspMI	1	2368					
BsrI	26						
BsrBI	3	418	3722	5523			
BsrDI	4	1232	1598	4743	4917		

Enzyme	# Sites	Locations					
BsrFI	8	160	495	504	871	2083	
		2243	2597	4762			
BssHII	1	1596					
Bst1107I	1	3560					
BstEII	1	1366					
BstXI	3	987	1116	1239			
BstYI	11						
CacBI	42						
CjeI	28						
CjePI	26						
Clal	1	24					
CviJI	95						
CviRI	26						
DdeI	11						
DpnI	29						
DraI	3	4548	4567	5259			
DrdI	2	3482	3897				
DrdII	1	908					
DsaI	2	622	2761				
EaeI	6	493	625	1859	2253	2758	
		5070					
EagI	1	2253					
Eam1105I	1	4682					
EatI	3	803	3673	5477			
EcII	5	962	2709	3863	4009	4837	
Eco47III	3	590	2091	3043			
Eco57I	2	4337	5349				
EcoNI	1	720					
EcoO109I	5	240	618	2753	2795	5658	
EcoRI	1	5675					
EcoRII	10	129	908	1223	1763	1820	
		2372	2755	3815	3936	3949	
EcoRV	2	187	1635				
FauI	18						
FokI	14						
FspI	3	2672	2770	4904			
GdiII	5	493	625	1859	2253	5070	
HaeI	8	913	2234	2306	2363	2760	
		3804	3815	4267			
HaeII	13						
HaeIII	27						
HgaI	15						
HgiEII	2	783	4375				
HhaI	44						
Hin4I	5	16	1084	2455	4681	4755	
HincII	2	1691	5223				
HindIII	1	29					
HinII	14						
HpaI	1	1691					
HphI	17						
MaeII	12						
MaeIII	18						
MbolI	15						
MluI	1	1185					
MmeI	2	4004	4188				
MnlI	33						
MscI	1	2760					
MseI	24						
MslI	10	1237	1525	1555	2345	2776	
		2971	3362	4934	5093	5452	
MspI	35						
MspA1I	10	271	1215	1785	1878	2455	
		3380	3499	4131	4376	5317	
MwoI	45						
NarI	5	508	529	643	1825	2520	
NciI	14						
NdeI	1	359					
NgoAIV	4	495	2083	2243	2597		
NheI	1	352					
NlaIII	31						
NlaIV	28						
NruI	1	2288					

Enzyme	# Sites	Locations					
NspI	4	660	3134	3426	3793		
PfiI108I	2	2072	4700				
PfIMI	3	767	2635	2684			
PleI	7	446	734	821	1617	3683	
		4168	4671				
PshAI	1	2030					
Psp5II	2	2753	2795				
Psp1406I	5	847	2215	3114	4908	5281	
PstI	1	4927					
PvuI	1	5052					
PvuII	3	1785	1878	3380			
RcaI	4	583	4509	5517	5622		
RsaI	4	165	1332	3595	5162		
SapI	1	3673					
Sau96I	21						
Sau3AI	29						
ScaI	1	5162					
ScrFI	24						
SfaNI	24						
SfiI	5	138	431	4054	4245	4923	
SgrAI	1	504					
SphI	1	660					
SspI	1	5486					
StyI	2	244	2683				
TaqI	12						
TaqII	8	1093	1311	1984	3691	5030	
		5215	5368	5385			
TfiI	7	1864	2166	2320	2618	2839	
		3343	3764				
ThaI	40						
TseI	27						
Tsp45I	9	124	1366	2194	2461	3228	
		3441	3536	4938	5149		
Tsp509I	16						
Tth111I	1	3534					
Tth111II	7	1024	1717	3250	4379	4386	
		4418	5674				
UbaJI	23						
VspI	4	446	1870	1929	4854		
XbaI	1	397					
XcmI	3	1041	1557	1575			
XmnI	2	3347	5281				

Enzymes that do not cut pET-11a:

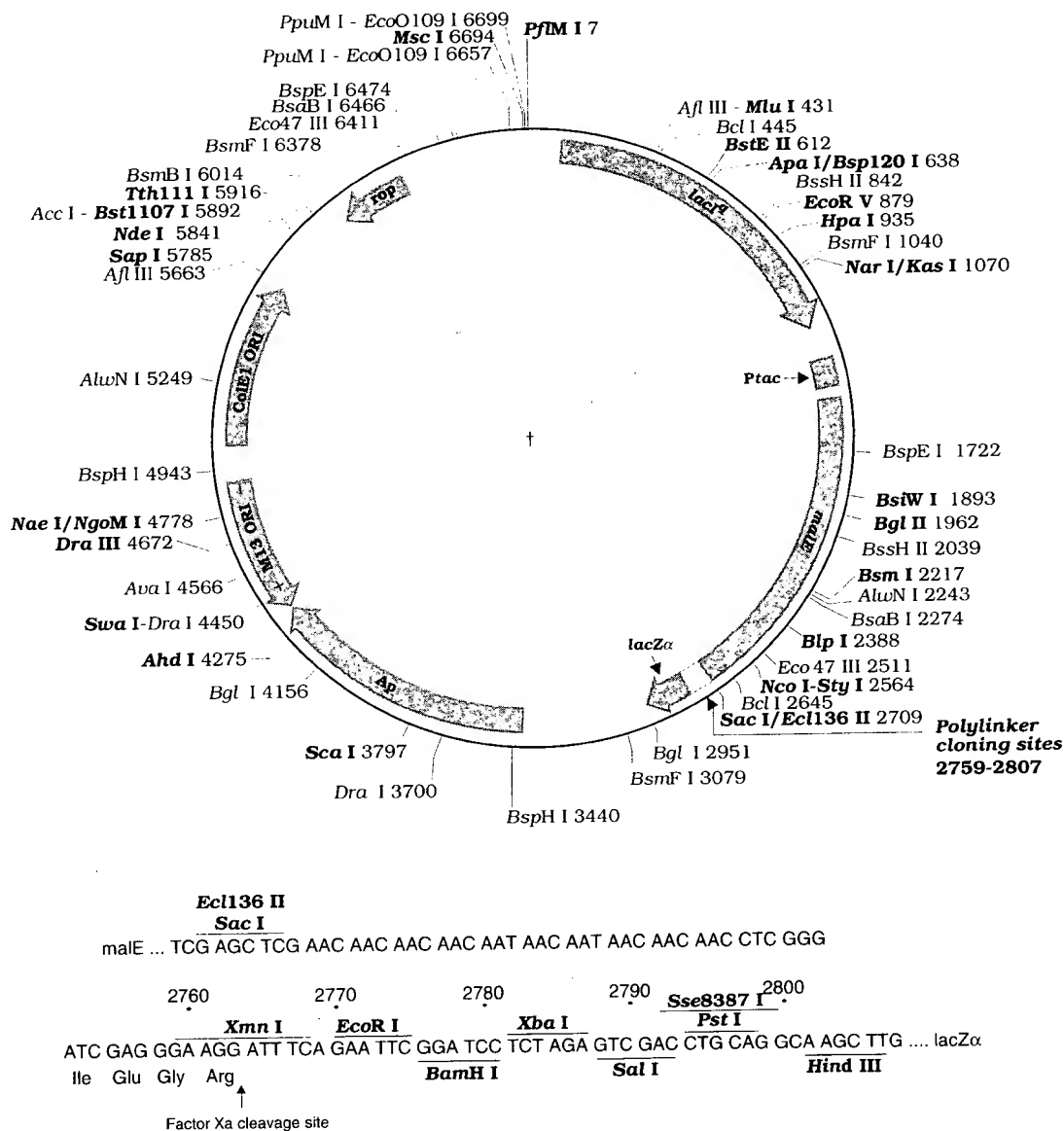
AflII	AgeI	AscI	AvrII	BaeI
BseRI	BsrGI	Bsu36I	DraIII	FseI
KpnI	MunI	NcoI	NotI	NsiI
NspV	PacI	PmeI	PmlI	RleAI
RsrII	SacI	SacII	Sall	SexAI
SfiI	SglI	SmaI	SnaBI	SpeI
SrfI	Sse8387I	StuI	SunI	Swal
XhoI				

pMAL™-p2

6,721 base pairs
See page 165 for ordering information.

pMAL™-p2 is an *E. coli* cloning vector used in the Protein Fusion and Purification System (#800, page 164). It is designed to create fusions between a cloned gene and the *E. coli malE* gene, which codes for maltose binding protein (MBP). The MBP fusion can then be expressed and purified, taking advantage of the properties of MBP. pMAL™-c2 is identical to pMAL™-p2 except for a deletion of the *malE* signal sequence (bases 1531–1605). The vectors contain the inducible P_{lac} promoter, positioned to transcribe a *malE-lacZα* gene fusion. The *lacI^r* gene encodes the Lac repressor, which turns off transcription from P_{lac} until IPTG is added. The polylinker provides restriction endonuclease sites to insert the gene of interest, fusing it to the *malE* gene. A portion of the *rnnB* operon containing two terminators, derived from the vector pKK233-2, prevents transcription originating from P_{lac} from interfering with plasmid functions. The gene for β -lactamase (Ap) and the origin of replication are from pBR322. The M13 origin is derived from pZ150. Nucleotide numbering starts at the beginning of the *lacI^r* fragment.

The map shows restriction sites of those enzymes that cut the molecule once or twice; the unique sites are shown in **bold type**. The table lists those sites that cut a moderate number of times. The polylinker is shown beneath the map. The coordinates refer to the position of the 5' base in each recognition sequence. The map also shows the relative positions of the coding sequences and the origin of replication. The exact positions are: *lacI^r* 81–1161; P_{lac} 1406–1433; *malE* 1528–2703; polylinker 2704–2809; *lacZα* 2810–2968 (first in-frame stop codon 2989); β -lactamase (Ap) 3493–4351; M13 origin 4395–4908; ColE1 origin 5607.



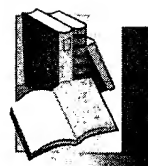
pMAL™-p2 DNA: Location of Sites

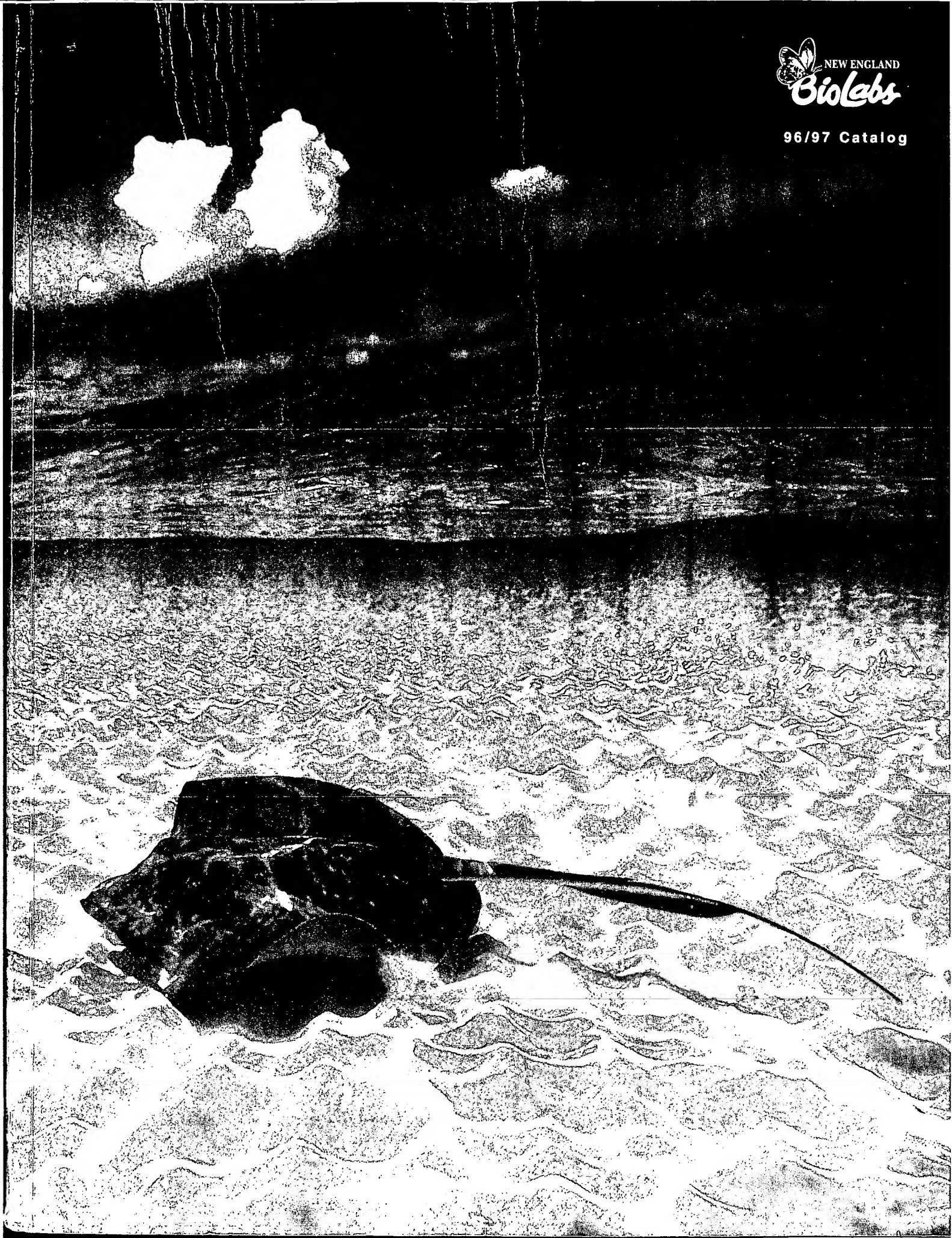
Enzyme	#	Locations
<i>Ahd I/Eam 1105 I</i>	1	4275
<i>Apa I/Bsp 120 I</i>	1	638
<i>Bam H I</i>	1	2776
<i>Bgl II</i>	1	1962
<i>Blp I</i>	1	2388
<i>Bsi W I</i>	1	1893
<i>Bsm I</i>	1	2217
<i>Bsp LU 11 I</i>	1	5663
<i>Bst 1107 I</i>	1	5892
<i>Bst E II</i>	1	612
<i>Dra III</i>	1	4672
<i>Ecl 136 II/Sac I</i>	1	2709
<i>Eco R I</i>	1	2770
<i>Eco R V</i>	1	879
<i>Hind III</i>	1	2802
<i>Hpa I</i>	1	935
<i>Kas I/Nar I</i>	1	1070
<i>Mlu I</i>	1	431
<i>Msc I</i>	1	6694
<i>Nae I/Ngo M I</i>	1	4778
<i>Nco I</i>	1	2564
<i>Nde I</i>	1	5841
<i>Pst I</i>	1	7
<i>Pst I</i>	1	2794
<i>Sal I</i>	1	2788
<i>Sap I</i>	1	5785
<i>Sca I</i>	1	3797
<i>Sse 8387 I</i>	1	2793
<i>Sty I</i>	1	2564
<i>Swa I</i>	1	4449
<i>Tth 1111 I</i>	1	5916
<i>Xba I</i>	1	2782
<i>Xmn I</i>	1	2759
<i>Acc I</i>	2	2788 5892
<i>Afl III</i>	2	431 5663
<i>Afw N I</i>	2	2243 5249
<i>Ava I/Bso B I</i>	2	2746 4566
<i>Bcl I</i>	2	445 2645
<i>Bgl I</i>	2	2951 4156
<i>Bsa B I</i>	2	2274 6466
<i>Bsm B I</i>	2	1040 6014
<i>Bsm F I</i>	2	3079 6378
<i>Bsp E I</i>	2	1722 6474
<i>Bsp H I</i>	2	3440 4943
<i>Bss H II</i>	2	842 2039
<i>Dra I</i>	2	3700 4450
<i>Eco 47 III</i>	2	2511 6411
<i>Eco 0109 I</i>	2	6657 6699
<i>Ppu M I</i>	2	6657 6699
<i>Ban II</i>	3	638 2709 4748
<i>Bbs I</i>	3	570 909 6538
<i>Bcg I</i>	3	734 3753 6067
<i>Bsa A I</i>	3	2549 4675 5911
<i>Bsa I</i>	3	1660 3140 4208
<i>Bsr F I</i>	3	117 4195 4778
<i>Bss S I</i>	3	1496 3611 5490
<i>Drd I</i>	3	4626 5555 5968
<i>Dsa I</i>	3	2290 2564 6691
<i>Fsp I</i>	3	2945 4055 6684
<i>Nsp I</i>	3	5663 6028 6322
<i>Pvu I</i>	3	1925 2925 3908
<i>Xcm I</i>	3	280 796 814

Enzyme	#	Locations
<i>Ase I</i>	4	1115 1174 1412 4104
<i>Bpm I</i>	4	284 737 4190 6155
<i>Bsp M I</i>	4	1294 2054 2395 2792
<i>Bsr D I</i>	4	479 837 4039 4221
<i>Bst X I</i>	4	226 355 478 1981
<i>Eco 57 I</i>	4	1667 2515 3593 5136
<i>Pvu II</i>	4	1029 1122 2895 6072
<i>Ssp I</i>	4	1387 3473 4446 4467
<i>Tli I</i>	4	1110 5689 6108 6614
<i>Ban I</i>	5	351 1070 2503 4327 4714
<i>Bsa H I</i>	5	387 1070 1257 3318 3739
<i>Bsr B I</i>	5	1446 3270 3436 4819 5732
<i>Eae I</i>	5	1105 2077 2813 3887 6694
<i>Sfc I</i>	5	2794 4034 4896 5207 5398
<i>Apa L I</i>	6	411 1241 1544 3608 5349
<i>Bla I</i>	6	2783 4087 4828 4917 5170
<i>Bsg I</i>	6	297 497 1234 1292 6101
<i>Hinc II</i>	6	935 1405 2191 2360 2788
<i>Psp 1406 I</i>	6	92 3281 3677 4050 4461
<i>Bsa W I</i>	7	750 1696 1722 3984 5310
<i>Ear I</i>	7	54 1735 1993 2530 2911
<i>Bst E I</i>	8	1797 1925 2661 2925 3759
<i>Csp 6 I/Rsa I</i>	8	577 1894 2067 2130 2341
<i>Ple I</i>	8	59 855 2786 4281 4604
<i>Alw 26 I</i>	9	123 528 654 1041 1661
<i>Apo I</i>	9	706 1681 1741 2770 3051
<i>Ava II</i>	9	983 1516 2300 3078 3916
<i>Tsp 45 I</i>	9	613 1708 2834 3808 4019
<i>Bst HKA I</i>	10	411 1241 1499 1544 2709
<i>Msi I</i>	10	479 767 797 2212 3505
<i>Bst Y I</i>	11	1962 1997 2544 2776 3633
<i>Bsa J I</i>	12	1066 1592 1844 1883 1988
<i>Dde I</i>	12	1003 2389 3102 3192 3248

There are no restriction recognition sites for the following enzymes:

Aat II, Acc 65 I/Kpn I, Afl II, Age I, Asc I, Avr II, Bse R I, Bsp D I/Cla I, Bsr G I, Bst B I, Bsu 36 I, Eag I, Eco N I, Fse I, Mfe I, Nhe I, Not I, Nru I, Nsi I/Ppu 10 I, Pac I, Pae R 7 I, Xho I, Pme I, Pml I, Psh A I, Rsr II, Sac II, Sex A I, Sfi I, Sgf I, Sgr A I, Sma I/Xma I, Sna B I, Spe I, Sph I, Srf I, Stu I





RESTRICTION ENDONUCLEASES

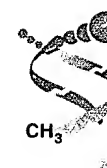


QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

POLYMERASES



DNA/RNA MODIFYING ENZYMES



NUCLEIC ACIDS, DNA SEQUENCING AND LABELING



PROTEIN TOOLS



PHAGE DISPLAY / PROTEIN FUSION



Printed on recycled, chlorine free paper
Printed in the USA

Copyright © 1996

New England Biolabs, Inc.


All rights reserved. The reuse or reproduction of any of the information, design or layout contained in this catalog without the permission of New England Biolabs, Inc. is prohibited.



The following are trademarks of New England Biolabs, Inc:

CircumVent™, Code20™, Deep Vent_R™, Exo-Size™, LITMUS™, NEBlot™, Ph.D.™, PhosphoPlus™, Phototope™, pMAL™, polyA Spin™, Vent_R®

REFERENCE APPENDIX




**Amersham
Biosciences**

[About us](#) • [What's new?](#) • [Log in](#) •  • 

[Home](#) • [Products](#) • [Literature](#) • [Support](#)

How do the "1, 2 and 3" versions of pGEX-1 (pure GST fusion) differ?

How should I handle the BL21 cells that came with...

On-line Ordering

- Fast
- Quick Order Form
- Shopping Cart
- Returns
- How do I...?
- Frequently Asked Questions
- Country Reselect

pGEX Vectors (GST Gene fusion)

ORDERING INFORMATION

Product	Quantity	Code Number
Glutathione S-transferase Gene Fusion Vectors*		
pGEX-1 λ T <i>Eco</i> R I/BAP	5 μ g	27-4805-01
pGEX-2T	25 μ g	27-4801-01
pGEX-2TK	25 μ g	27-4587-01
pGEX-3X	25 μ g	27-4803-01
pGEX-4T-1	25 μ g	27-4580-01
pGEX-4T-2	25 μ g	27-4581-01
pGEX-4T-3	25 μ g	27-4583-01
pGEX-5X-1	25 μ g	27-4584-01
pGEX-5X-2	25 μ g	27-4585-01
pGEX-5X-3	25 μ g	27-4586-01
pGEX-6P-1	25 μ g	27-4597-01
pGEX-6P-2	25 μ g	27-4598-01
pGEX-6P-3	25 μ g	27-4599-01

*** All vectors include *E. coli* BL21 cells.**

All of the GST gene fusion vectors offer:

- **A *tac* promoter for chemically inducible, high-level expression.**
- **An internal *lac I^q* gene for use in any *E. coli* host.**
- **Very mild elution conditions for release of proteins from the affinity matrix, thus**

minimizing effects on antigenicity and function.

- PreScission™, thrombin, or factor Xa protease recognition sites for cleaving the desired protein from the fusion product.

Thirteen pGEX vectors are available (see figure 9). Nine of the vectors have an expanded multiple cloning site (MCS) that contains six restriction sites. The expanded MCS facilitates the unidirectional cloning of cDNA inserts obtained from libraries constructed using many available lambda vectors including λ ExCell Cloning Vector (27-5013-01; see λ ExCell Not I/EcoR I/CIP and λ ExCell EcoR I/CIP for more details) and λ ZAP. pGEX-6P-1, pGEX-6P-2, and pGEX-6P-3 encode the recognition sequence for site-specific cleavage by PreScission™ Protease; see PreScission™ Protease between the GST domain and the multiple cloning site. pGEX-4T-1, pGEX-4T-2, and pGEX-4T-3 are derived from pGEX-2T and contain a thrombin recognition site. pGEX-5X-1, pGEX-5X-2, and pGEX-5X-3 are derivatives of pGEX-3X and possess a factor Xa recognition site.

pGEX-2TK is uniquely designed to allow the detection of expressed proteins by directly labeling the fusion products *in vitro* (1). This vector contains the recognition sequence for the catalytic subunit of cAMP-dependent protein kinase obtained from muscle. The protein kinase site is located between the GST domain and the MCS. Expressed proteins can be directly labelled using protein kinase with [γ -³²P]ATP and readily detected using standard radiometric or autoradiographic techniques. pGEX-2TK is a derivative of pGEX-2T; its fusion proteins can be cleaved with thrombin.

Cleavage of pGEX-6P GST fusion proteins occurs

between the Gln and Gly residues of the recognition sequence Leu-Glu-Val-Leu-Phe-Gln-Gly-Pro. Low temperature (5°C) digestion minimizes the degradation of the protein of interest. Because PreScission™ Protease has been engineered with a GST-tag, it can also be removed from the cleavage mixture simultaneously with the GST portion of the fusion protein. The pGEX-6P Expression Vectors permit convenient site-specific cleavage and simultaneous purification on Glutathione Sepharose™. The pGEX-6P series provides a translational reading frame linked between the GST coding region and the multiple cloning site.

Collectively, the pGEX vectors provide all the translational reading frames beginning with the EcoR I restriction site. pGEX-1λT, pGEX-6P-1, pGEX-4T-1, and pGEX-5X-1 can directly accept and express cDNA inserts isolated from λ gt11 libraries.

Click on "ASCII" to download an unformatted sequence for use by a sequence analysis program. Click on "PDF" to download a formatted sequence and restriction site table. If you prefer access to the sequence in GenBank, refer to the right-hand column for the GenBank accession number:

			GenBank
Vector	Unformatted	Formatted	Accession
pGEX-4T-1, 27-4580-01	ASCII	PDF	U1385
pGEX-4T-2, 27-4581-01	ASCII	PDF	U1385
pGEX-4T-3, 27-4583-01	ASCII	PDF	U1385
pGEX-5X-1, 27-4584-01	ASCII	PDF	U1385
pGEX-5X-2, 27-4585-01	ASCII	PDF	U1385
pGEX-5X-3, 27-4586-01	ASCII	PDF	U1385
pGEX-2TK, 27-4587-01	ASCII	PDF	U1385
pGEX-2T, 27-4801-01	ASCII	PDF	U1385
pGEX-3X, 27-4803-01	ASCII	PDF	U1385
pGEX-1 lambda T, 27-4805-01	ASCII	PDF	U1384
pGEX-6P-1, 27-4597-01	ASCII	PDF	U7887
pGEX-6P-2, 27-4598-01	ASCII	PDF	U7887
pGEX-6P-3, 27-4599-01	ASCII	PDF	U7887

Properties of pGEX Vectors . Induction: tac | inducible with 1-5 mM IPTG.

- **Expression:** Proteins are expressed as fusion proteins with the 26 kDa glutathione S-transferase (GST). The GST gene contains an ATG and ribosome-binding site, and is under the control of the tac promoter. A translation terminator is provided in each reading frame. The resulting fusion protein may be purified using the GST Purification Module (27-4580-02; see GST Purification Modules.)
- **Enzymatic cleavage with PreScission™ Protease** pGEX-6P-1, -2, -3 allow for removal of the GST carrier protein from the fusion protein by enzymatic cleavage with PreScission™ Protease. Because PreScission™ Protease has been engineered with a GST-tag, it can also be removed simultaneously with the GST portion of the fusion protein.
- **Enzymatic cleavage with thrombin:** pGEX-2T, -2TK, -3X

lambda T, pGEX-2T, pGEX-2TK, pGEX-4T-3 allow for removal of the GST carrier p from the fusion protein by enzymatic cleavage with thrombin.

- **Enzymatic cleavage with factor Xa: pGEX-2T, pGEX-5X-1, -2, -3 allow for removal of the GST carrier protein from the fusion protein by enzymatic cleavage with factor Xa.**
- **Direct labelling *in vitro*: pGEX-2TK allow for direct labelling of fusion proteins *in vitro* with ³²P using the catalytic subunit of cAMP-dependent protein kinase.**
- **Host(s): *E. coli*. The plasmid provides lacZ as a repressor.**
- **Selectable marker(s): Plasmid confers resistance to 100 µg/ml ampicillin.**
- **Amplification: Recommended.**

• pGEX-2T Control Regions:

* **Glutathione S-transferase gene region: *tac* promoter: -10: 205-211; -35: 183-188; *lac* operator: 217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 244-257; Start codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for GST: 258-935; Thrombin cleavage: 918-935**

* **MCS: 930-945**

* **Beta-lactamase gene region: Promoter: -1309-1314; -35: 1286-1291; Start codon (ATG): 1356; Stop codon (TAA): 2214**

* ***lacIq* gene region: Start codon (GTG): 324-339; Stop codon (TGA): 4377**

* **Plasmid replication region: Site of replication initiation: 2974; Region necessary for replication: 2281-2977**

* **Sequencing primers: 5' pGEX Sequencing primer binds nucleotides 869-891; 3' pGEX Sequencing primer binds nucleotides 1020-998**

• pGEX-2TK Control Regions:

* **Glutathione S-transferase gene region: *tac* promoter: -10: 205-211; -35: 183-188; *lac* operator: 217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 244-257; Start codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for GST: 258-935; Thrombin cleavage: 918-935**

217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 24 codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for thrombin cleavage: 918-935;

*** Coding for kinase recognition site: 936-9**

*** MCS: 951-966**

*** Beta-lactamase gene region: Promoter: -1330-1335; -35: 1307-1312; Start codon (ATG): 1377; Stop codon (TAA): 2235**

*** *lacIq* gene region: Start codon (GTG): 33 codon (TGA): 4398**

*** Plasmid replication region: Site of replication initiation: 2995; Region necessary for replication: 2302-2998**

Sequencing primers: 5' pGEX Sequencing Primer binds nucleotides 869-891; 3' pGEX Sequencing Primer binds nucleotides 1041-1019

• pGEX-3X Control Regions:

*** Glutathione S-transferase gene region: *tac* promoter: -10: 205-211; -35: 183-188; *lac O*: 217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 24 codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for Xa cleavage: 921-932**

*** MCS: 934-949**

*** Beta-lactamase gene region: Promoter: -1313-1318; -35: 1290-1295; Start codon (ATG): 1360; Stop codon (TAA): 2218**

*** *lacIq* gene region: Start codon (GTG): 33 codon (TGA): 4381**

*** Plasmid replication region: Site of replication initiation: 2978; Region necessary for replication: 2285-2981**

*** Sequencing primers: 5' pGEX Sequencing Primer binds nucleotides 869-891; 3' pGEX Sequencing Primer binds nucleotides 1024-1002**

• pGEX-1 Lambda T Control Regions:

*** Glutathione S-transferase gene region: *tac* promoter: -10: 205-211; -35: 183-188; *lac O*: 217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 24**

codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for thrombin cleavage: 918-935

*** MCS: 930-944**

*** Beta-lactamase gene region: Promoter: -1308-1313; -35: 1285-1290; Start codon (ATG): 1355; Stop codon (TAA): 2213**

*** *lacIq* gene region: Start codon (GTG): 32 codon (TGA): 4376**

*** Plasmid replication region: Site of replication initiation: 2973; Region necessary for replication: 2280-2976**

*** Sequencing primers: 5' pGEX Sequencing primer binds nucleotides 869-891; 3' pGEX Sequencing primer binds nucleotides 1019-997**

. pGEX-4T-1 Control Regions:

*** Glutathione S-transferase gene region: transcription start site: -10: 205-211; -35: 183-188; *lacO*: 217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 24 codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for thrombin cleavage: 918-935**

*** MCS: 930-966**

*** Beta-lactamase gene region: Promoter: -1330-1335; -35: 1307-1312; Start codon (ATG): 1377; Stop codon (TAA): 2235**

*** *lacIq* gene region: Start codon (GTG): 33 codon (TGA): 4398**

*** Plasmid replication region: Site of replication initiation: 2995; Region necessary for replication: 2302-2998**

*** Sequencing primers: 5' pGEX Sequencing primer binds nucleotides 869-891; 3' pGEX Sequencing primer binds nucleotides 1041-1019**

. pGEX-4T-2 Control Regions:

*** Glutathione S-transferase gene region: transcription start site: -10: 205-211; -35: 183-188; *lacO*: 217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 24 codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for thrombin cleavage: 918-935**

*** MCS: 930-967**

*** Beta-lactamase gene region: Promoter: -1331-1336; -35: 1308-1313; Start codon (ATG): 1378; Stop codon (TAA): 2236**

*** *lacIq* gene region: Start codon (GTG): 330; Stop codon (TGA): 4399**

*** Plasmid replication region: Site of replication: 2996; Region necessary for replication: 2303-2999**

*** Sequencing primers: 5' pGEX Sequencing primer binds nucleotides 869-891; 3' pGEX Sequencing primer binds nucleotides 1042-1020**

• pGEX-4T-3 Control Regions:

*** Glutathione S-transferase gene region: *tac* promoter: -10: 205-211; -35: 183-188; *lac* operator: 217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 240-257; Start codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for thrombin cleavage: 918-935**

*** MCS: 930-965**

*** Beta-lactamase gene region: Promoter: -1329-1334; -35: 1306-1311; Start codon (ATG): 1376; Stop codon (TAA): 2234**

*** *lacIq* gene region: Start codon (GTG): 330; Stop codon (TGA): 4397**

*** Plasmid replication region: Site of replication: 2994; Region necessary for replication: 2301-2997**

*** Sequencing primers: 5' pGEX Sequencing primer binds nucleotides 869-891; 3' pGEX Sequencing primer binds nucleotides 1040-1018**

• pGEX-5X-1 Control Regions:

*** Glutathione S-transferase gene region: *tac* promoter: -10: 205-211; -35: 183-188; *lac* operator: 217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 240-257; Start codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for Xa cleavage: 921-932**

*** MCS: 934-969**

*** Beta-lactamase gene region: Promoter: -**

1333-1338; -35: 1310-1315; Start codon (A
1380; Stop codon (TAA): 2238

*** *lacIq* gene region: Start codon (GTG): 33**
codon (TGA): 4401

*** Plasmid replication region: Site of replica**
initiation: 2998; Region necessary for replic
2305-3001

*** Sequencing primers: 5' pGEX Sequencing**
binds nucleotides 869-891; 3' pGEX Sequen
Primer binds nucleotides 1044-1022

. pGEX-5X-2 Control Regions:

*** Glutathione S-transferase gene region: *t***
promoter: -10: 205-211; -35: 183-188; *lac o*
217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 24
codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for
Xa cleavage: 921-932

*** MCS: 934-970**

*** Beta-lactamase gene region: Promoter: -**
1334-1339; -35: 1311-1316; Start codon (A
1381; Stop codon (TAA): 2239

*** *lacIq* gene region: Start codon (GTG): 33**
codon (TGA): 4402

*** Plasmid replication region: Site of replica**
initiation: 2999; Region necessary for replic
2306-3002

*** Sequencing primers: 5' pGEX Sequencing**
binds nucleotides 869-891; 3' pGEX Sequen
Primer binds nucleotides 1045-1023

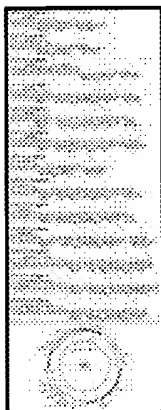
. pGEX-5X-3 Control Regions:

*** Glutathione S-transferase gene region: *t***
promoter: -10: 205-211; -35: 183-188; *lac o*
217-237; Ribosome binding site for GST: 24
codon (ATG) for GST: 258; Coding region for
Xa cleavage: 921-932

*** MCS: 934-971**

*** Beta-lactamase gene region: Promoter: -**
1335-1340; -35: 1312-1317; Start codon (A
1382; Stop codon (TAA): 2240

- * ***lacIq* gene region: Start codon (GTG): 33 codon (TGA): 4403**
- * **Plasmid replication region: Site of replication initiation: 3000; Region necessary for replication 2307-3003**
- * **Sequencing primers: 5' pGEX Sequencing binds nucleotides 869-891; 3' pGEX Sequencing Primer binds nucleotides 1046-1024**



Click here for [PDF version of image](#)

Map of the glutathione S-transferase fusion showing the reading frames and main features. Even though stop codons in all three frames depicted in this map, all thirteen vectors have codons in all three frames downstream from the multiple cloning site.

References

1. Kaelin, W.G. et al., *Cell* 70, 351 (1992).

Related Products	Code Number
<u>GST Purification Modules</u>	
<u>GST Detection Module (50 detections)</u>	27-4590-01
<u>GSTrap™ FF Columns</u>	
<u>GSTPrep FF 16/10</u>	17-5234-01
<u>Glutathione Sepharose™ 4B Lab Packs and Columns</u>	
<u>PreScission Protease</u>	27-0843-01
<u>Anti-GST Antibody (50 detections)</u>	27-4577-01
<u>GST Vector Primers for Sequencing</u>	
<u>E. coli BL21</u>	27-1542-01

Best if viewed in Internet Explorer 5.0 or higher
© 2003 Amersham Biosciences - All rights reserved
[Terms of use](#) | [Web comments](#) | [Privacy policy](#) | [Contact details](#)